

Building a bitstream file for the Avnet Spartan 2E 200 Evaluation Board.

Application Note # 205

MicroBlaze™
Version 1.0

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Background

This application note is designed to help connect the Nohau MICROBLAZE-PC emulator to the Avnet Spartan-2E 200 evaluation Board. It is assumed you have a working knowledge of the Xilinx ISE tools.

The Emulator

The Nohau EMUL-MICROBLAZE-PC connects to targets containing a VirtexII-1000 or Spartan-II/E FPGA running a MicroBlaze Core. The EMUL-PC/USB-JTAG hardware has 10-pin connector for the target connection, the other side connects to a USB connector port on the host PC. The debugger software includes a pre compiled bit stream containing the MicroBlaze core, a debug trace module and the logic, for the Nohau evaluation boards. This is automatically download when the debugger is started. For using the debugger with other targets we provide a net list file for the Spartan-II/E (debugtraces.edf), Virtex-II (debugtracev.edf) and the pin description files (system.mhs and system.mss). We also provide pre-compiled bit streams for other targets. This application note outlines the steps to add the debug module to the Avnet example project.

The Avnet Spartan-2E 200 MicroBlaze evaluation Kit

The Avnet Spartan-2E 200 MicroBlaze evaluation Kit as distributed by Insight consists of a development board containing a Spartan-II/E-200 and example projects. The board also has two connectors for plugging in optional cards, some switches, an audio codec and two 7-segment LED's.

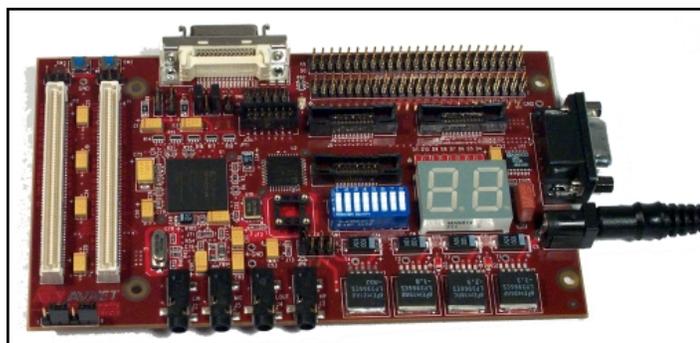


Figure 1 Insight Memec Spartan Evaluation Board

Connecting the EMUL-PC/USB-JTAG

The target board as shown in Figure 1 has a single row connector (J2) on the edge of the board. Plug the EMUL-PC/USB-JTAG onto the adapter and J4, on the bottom of the adapter onto J2 of the target. See Figure 2.

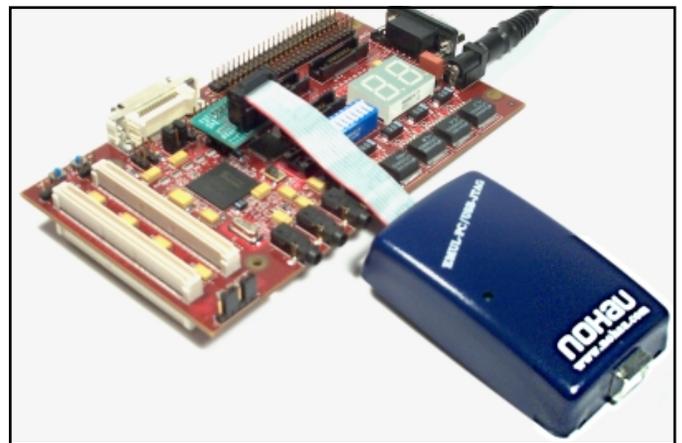


Figure 2 Connection Chart

If you already have the Xilinx JTAG programming cable attached to the target then plug that into J2 of the adapter as shown in Figure 3.

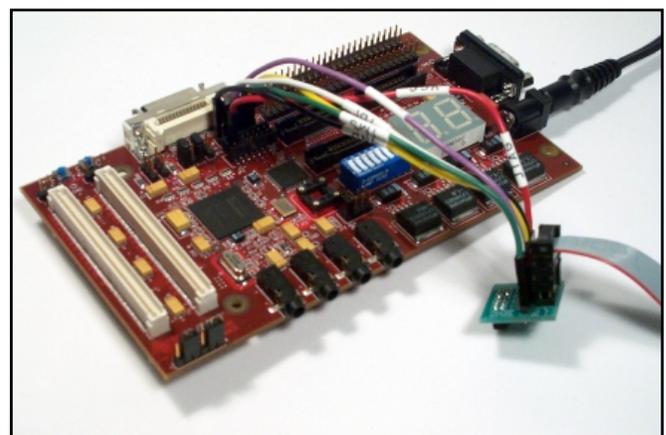


Figure 3 Target Connection

Creating the bit stream file

The process requires editing a couple of files, checking for other JTAG instances, and using the makefile to rebuild the project using the steps outlined here.

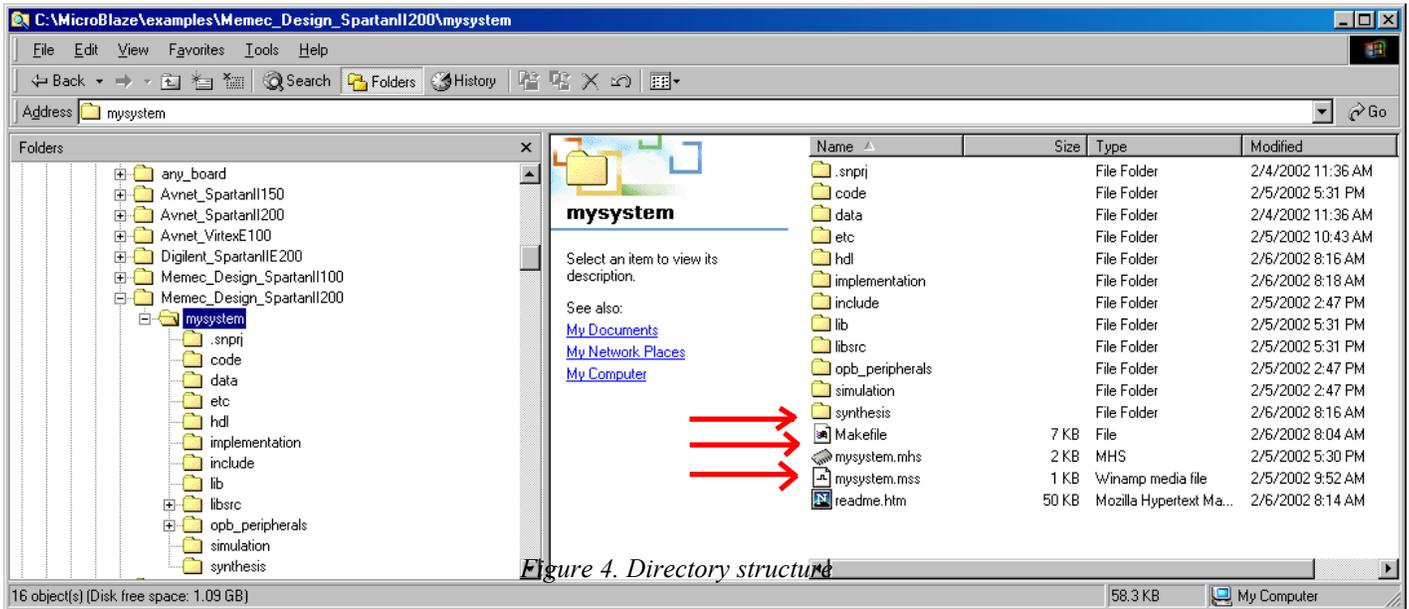


Figure 4. Directory structure

- 1) Locate the mysystem.mss , mysystem.mss and makefile files in project directory using explorer. This directory is C:\microblaze\examples\Avnet_SpartanII200\mysystem shown in figure 4.
- 2) Browse to the C:\nohau\seehaublaze\examples directory and copy the opb_peripherals directory to the C:\microblaze\examples\Avnet_SpartanII200\mysystem directory.
- 3) Go to the ..mysystem\opb_peripherals\debugtraceblaze\netlist directory. Copy the debugtraces.edf file to debugtrace.edf.
- 4) Open the makefile in an editor. Search for the string “mode”. This will usually be MODE = executable. Place a # sign before the word mode and add new line MODE = xmdstub.
- 5) Find the rule for implementation/\$(SYSTEM).bit. Add a second copy statement: cp implementation/\$(SYSTEM).bit implementation/EVAL_Spartan2E_200.bit. Be sure to follow the indent

structure. After any changes have been made exit and save the file.

- 6) Open the file mysystem.mss in an editor. An excerpt from the file is shown here. Replace the text highlighted in red with “debugtraceblaze”.

```
SET attribute HW_SPEC_FILE = mysystem.mhs
SET attribute DEBUG_PERIPHERAL = myuart
SET attribute EXECUTABLE = code/gpio_interface.out
SET attribute XMDSTUB = code/xmdstub.out
```

- 7) Check for the XMDSTUB attribute, if it is not present then you need to add it. This is the last line shown above.

- 8) Open the file mysystem.mhs in an editor. Using find search for JTAG. If you find a JTAG peripheral select the definition and delete it.

- 9) Open the file system.mhs in C:\nohau\seehaublaze\examples\opb_peripheral directory.

- 10) Now highlight from the text “Select Slave debugtraceblaze” to the text “end” in ..mysystem\opb_peripherals\system.mhs. This

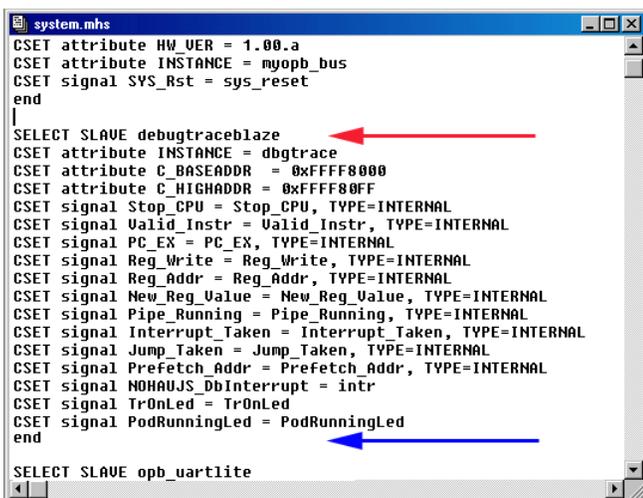
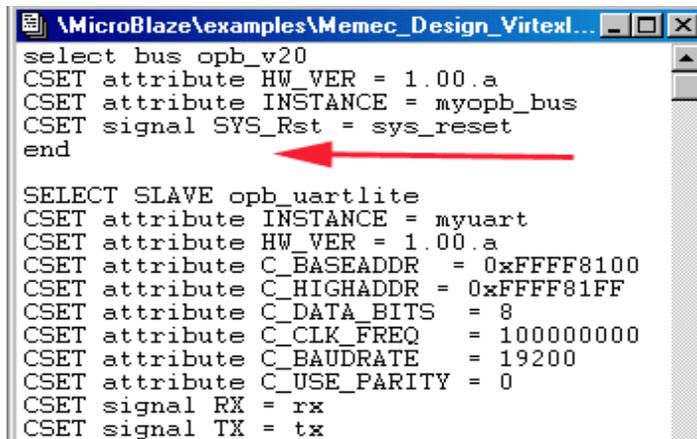


Figure 5 Editing the mysystem.mhs file

is the text between the red and blue arrows as shown in figure 5.

11) Now insert this into the `mysystem.mhs` file at the point shown

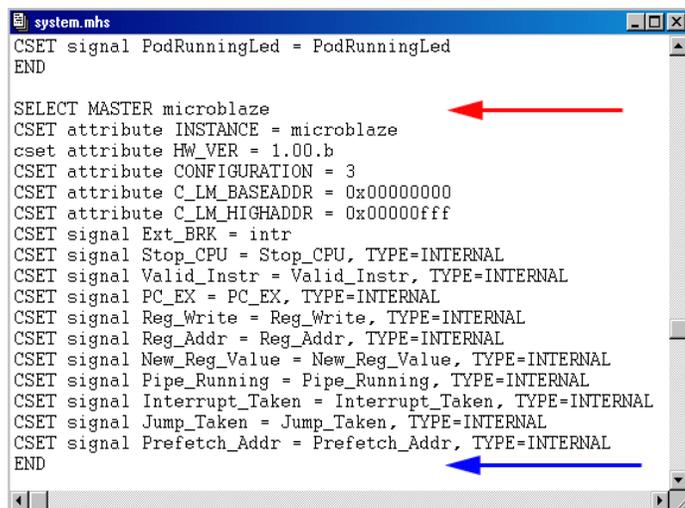


```
select bus opb_v20
CSET attribute HW_VER = 1.00.a
CSET attribute INSTANCE = myopb_bus
CSET signal SYS_Rst = sys_reset
end

SELECT SLAVE opb_uartlite
CSET attribute INSTANCE = myuart
CSET attribute HW_VER = 1.00.a
CSET attribute C_BASEADDR = 0xFFFF8100
CSET attribute C_HIGHADDR = 0xFFFF81FF
CSET attribute C_DATA_BITS = 8
CSET attribute C_CLK_FREQ = 100000000
CSET attribute C_BAUDRATE = 19200
CSET attribute C_USE_PARITY = 0
CSET signal RX = rx
CSET signal TX = tx
```

Figure 6 `debugtraceblaze.mhs` inserted in the `mysystem.mhs` file by the red arrow in figure 6. Save the file and exit.

12) Now highlight from the text “SELECT MASTER microblaze” to the text “end” in `..\mysystem\opb_peripherals\system.mhs`. This is the text between the red and blue arrows as shown in figure 7. Now replace the microblaze definition in the `mysystem.mhs` file. Save the file and exit.



```
CSET signal PodRunningLed = PodRunningLed
END

SELECT MASTER microblaze
CSET attribute INSTANCE = microblaze
cset attribute HW_VER = 1.00.b
CSET attribute CONFIGURATION = 3
CSET attribute C_LM_BASEADDR = 0x00000000
CSET attribute C_LM_HIGHADDR = 0x00000fff
CSET signal Ext_BRK = intr
CSET signal Stop_CPU = Stop_CPU, TYPE=INTERNAL
CSET signal Valid_Instr = Valid_Instr, TYPE=INTERNAL
CSET signal PC_EX = PC_EX, TYPE=INTERNAL
CSET signal Reg_Write = Reg_Write, TYPE=INTERNAL
CSET signal Reg_Addr = Reg_Addr, TYPE=INTERNAL
CSET signal New_Reg_Value = New_Reg_Value, TYPE=INTERNAL
CSET signal Pipe_Running = Pipe_Running, TYPE=INTERNAL
CSET signal Interrupt_Taken = Interrupt_Taken, TYPE=INTERNAL
CSET signal Jump_Taken = Jump_Taken, TYPE=INTERNAL
CSET signal Prefetch_Addr = Prefetch_Addr, TYPE=INTERNAL
END
```

Figure 7 `microblaze` definition in the `system.mhs` file

13) Open a command prompt window at the project directory. This is

`C:\microblaze\examples\Memec_Design_SpartanII200\mysystem`, for this example.

14) Type “make bits”, now sit back and wait.

15) In the `C:\nohau\seehaublaze\logic` rename the file `eval_SPARTAN2_200.bit` to `eval_SPARTAN2_200_orig.bit`.

1) Now go back to the explorer window and copy the resulting bit file `Eval_SPARTAN2_200.bit` from the directory `C:\microblaze\examples\Memec_Design_SpartanII200\mysystem\implementation` to the `C:\nohau\seehaublaze\logic` directory.

The bit stream is now ready for testing.

Using the new bit stream in Seehau

Make sure the target board is powered on and EMUL-PC/USB-JTAG is connected to the target and the USB port of the PC. If you have already configured SeehauBlaze for the correct chip than start Seehau, otherwise run the Seehau Config program to select the correct device.

- 1) After Seehau starts go to the file menu, select Load Code and load your program. For this example it is `mysystem.out` in the code subdirectory.
- 2) After the program has loaded go to the Config menu and select Emulator. Click on the Misc. tab and enter 0x400 for the PC and no value for the stack pointer. Click okay.
- 3.) Now save the settings by clicking on the Config menu and then select Save Settings.
- 4.) Click the reset button and the cursor should be 0x400 in the assembly tab.
- 5) Click the Source Step button and the cursor should move to the first source line in main.
- 6) Click go and the program should be running.

Some Helpful Notes and Reminders

- 1) Remember to use the correct `debugblazetrace.edf` netlist file for the FPGA platform you are using. The file for the Spartan is called `DEBUGBLAZETRACES.edf` and is 528K.
- 2) Ensure that the MICROBLAZE attribute: CSET attribute `C_LM_HIGHADDR=0x00000fff`.

Conclusion

A few steps to add the debug and trace to an existing project for target hardware and run a target application.